Evaluating Performance of Citrus Mechanical Harvesting Systems 2003/04 Season

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During the 2003-04 season, IFAS-SWFREC personnel collected data on machine performance for 73 sample periods. A sample period is defined as the time during which IFAS personnel follow one set of harvesting machines. Table 1 summarizes the sample periods by machine type and scion variety. The data summarized in this report represent more than 2,750 acres and nearly 1.25 million boxes of harvested oranges.

Data were collected to calculate average performance measures by machine type for each sample period. The performance measures included removal percentage, recovery percentage, harvest speed, machine productivity, labor productivity, and percent runtime. Removal percentage refers to the amount of available fruit pulled from the tree during the harvesting operation. Recovery percentage refers to the amount of fruit that the harvest system delivered to the bulk trailer for hauling to a processing plant. Recovery percentage *does not* include "gleaned" fruit. Harvest speed and machine productivity are based solely on active harvesting periods and include shake times, travel speeds, and minimum time requirements to change rows or off-load fruit to field goats. The percent runtime was determined for each sample period and reflects the amount of time engaged in active harvesting during the IFAS sample period. Reasons why runtime percentage is less than 100% include, repairs, crew breaks, and extra time waiting on field goats. Runtime percentage *does not* include time spent "engaged-to-wait." Harvesting crews are "engaged-to-wait" because of scheduled maintenance, transportation and set-up between harvest sites, and bulk trailer availability.

Block and tree characteristics were recorded and included tree height, clear trunk height, skirt height, trunk circumference, tree spacing both down the row and across the bed, and the percentage of tree spaces that were blank or with young resets. Grove owners provided data on tree age, rootstock and scion varieties, and the total yield for the block observed during the sample period. These data are being further analyzed to determine effects of tree characteristics and grove conditions on mechanical harvesting performance.

Performance measures and data describing block characteristics are summarized in Tables 2-6. Tables 2 and 3 present data for the Coe-Collier and FMC Trunk-Shake-Catch

(TSC) systems, respectively. Tables 4 and 5 summarize performance data for the Oxbo and Korvan Continuous Canopy Shake-Catch (CCSC) systems. Table 6 presents data for the Oxbo Tractor-drawn canopy shaker. Please note that table values represent averages across sample periods and may not correspond to their respective functional relationships. For example, multiplying "Avg Tree Yield" by "Avg Tree Density" does not necessarily equal "Avg Block Yield."

Tables 7 and 8 summarize average performance statistics for the past four seasons (2000-01 to 2003-04). These tables highlight how performance statistics for the TSC and CCSC systems have changed since the 2000-01 season.

The terms listed below provide addition information as to the data collected and how they were utilized in order to develop measures of performance for each sample period.

1. Available yield. The estimated boxes per tree that would have been harvested by a hand crew.

Available yield = Recovered fruit + broken fruit + missed ground & tree fruit + post-gleaning "shiners".

- 2. Harvest yield. Boxes per tree harvested by both machine and hand-gleaning crew. *Harvest yield = Total net weight boxes / Estimated harvested tree spaces.*
- Gleaned harvest. Estimated boxes harvested by gleaning crews.
 Gleaning harvest = Preharvest fruit drop + Post-harvest tree fruit + Post-harvest ground fruit – Post-gleaning shiners.
- 4. Machine harvest. Estimated boxes harvested by the mechanical system. (Note: this pertains only to those system that mechanically catch fruit.)
 Machine harvest = Harvest yield Gleaning harvest.
- 5. Removal %. The percentage of available fruit removed from the tree during the shaking action. Preharvest fruit drop is not available to the harvester, therefore is not counted in determining removal percentages.

Removal % = 1 – [post-harvest tree fruit / (Available Yield – Preharvest drop)].

- Recovery %. The percentage of available fruit in the tree prior to harvest that is removed *and* delivered to the road trailer.
 Recovery % = Machine harvest / (Available yield Preharvest drop).
- 7. Machine speed (trees/hr) and productivity (boxes/hr) were estimated on the basis of a calculated value of machine hours observed during the sampling period. Machine hours reflect only time that the system was actively harvesting. Machine hours were based on average speeds recorded for shaking, moving between trees, goat dumps, and row repositioning. These speed observations were summed across the number of trees harvested during the trial period.

Machine speed = number of trees harvested / Machine hours. Machine productivity = Machine harvest / Machine hours.

8. Runtime or System Efficiency. The percentage of time during the trial period that the system was actively harvesting.

System Efficiency = Machine hours / Duration of trial period.

9. Labor Productivity. These estimates refer only to the personnel involved with the operations of harvesting machines and goat trucks. Ground workers, gleaning crews, mechanics, and field supervisors are **not** included. Also, it is important to note that labor productivity was based on the entire duration of a trial and not on estimated machine hours.

Labor Productivity = Machine harvest / (number of equipment operators * time duration of trial)

OBSERVATIONS

- 1. Generally, yields were up from the 2002-03 season. Higher yields increase labor and machine productivity measures, which are dependent upon available boxes to be harvested.
- 2. 2003-04 was the second season of extended use for the FMC (TSC) and Korvan (CCSC) systems. These systems generally showed lower labor and machine productivity measures than observed by Coe-Collier and Oxbo systems, which reflect the average runtime percentage. As FMC and Korvan system gain additional field experience, runtime percentages are expected to increase along with the accompanying performance statistics.
- 3. The Tractor-Drawn (TD)canopy shaker (Oxbo equipment) operated in grove conditions significantly different from the conditions observed by TSC and CCSC systems. Generally, trees were older, less dense, and larger. Tree yield, especially in early-mid blocks, were smaller. Most trees in blocks harvested by the TD were skirted but lower than the typical trees in the TSC blocks. It was noted that most of the fruit not removed by the TD was located below the skirt line (36 inches).
- 4. Since the 2000-01 season, removal percentages have remained unchanged for both the TSC and CCSC systems. There has been a minor decrease in recovery percentages for both systems. This suggests that the technology for removing and catching fruit has not significantly changed. The major performance improvements have come in the way equipment operators have managed their crews and maintained the equipment. Increasing runtime percentage directly correlates to increasing harvest speed, machine and labor productivity.

	Sample Periods	Net Tree Acres	Net Weight Boxes			
Total	73	2,757	1,221,825			
Early/Mid	60					
Late	13					
TSC Coe-Collier						
Total	14	589	342,585			
Early/Mid	13	479	296,120			
Late	1	111	46,465			
TSC FMC		I				
Total	17	82	37,433			
Early/Mid	15	69	30,056			
Late	2	12	7,377			
Tractor-Drawn CS	Oxbo	I				
Total	3	220	71,890			
Early/Mid	1	60	9,988			
Late	2	160	61,902			
CCSC Oxbo		I				
Total	29	1109	485,381			
Early/Mid	22	962	373,277			
Late	7	247	112,104			
CCSC Korvan						
Total	10	657	284,536			
Early/Mid	9	581	241,889			
Late	1	76	42,647			

Table 1. Scope of citrus mechanical harvesting performance evaluation2003/04 season

		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Number of trial periods	#	13	1
Average trial duration	Hrs	1.28	1.28
Removal	%	95%	97%
Recovery (excluding preharvest drop)	%	86%	88%
Shake time	Sec	10	6
System Efficiency (% runtime)	%	66%	51%
Machine Speed (100% runtime)	tree/hr	209	261
Machine Productivity (100% runtime)	boxes/hr	420	512
Crew Size (not including gleaners)		2.7	2.6
Labor Productivity (operators + goat drivers, no gleaners)	boxes/hr	108	101

Table 2. Average performance statistics of TSC -Coe-Collier and harvest block characteristics, 2003/04 season

Block Characteristics		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Tree Density	Tree/ac	175	151
Tree age	Years	11	10
Avg. Block Yield	Box/ac	634	420
Avg. Tree Yield (Block)	Box/tree	3.69	2.96
Avg. Tree Yield (Sample)		3.17	3.09
Tree height	Ft	14	14
Clear trunk height	In	18	19
Skirt height	In	33	37
Trunk circumference	In	18	20

		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Number of trial periods	#	9	1
Average trial duration	Hrs	3.92	3.25
Removal	%	93%	92%
Recovery (excluding preharvest drop)	%	73%	69%
Shake time	Sec	11	11
System Efficiency (% runtime)	%	38%	39%
Machine Speed (100% runtime)	tree/hr	111	117
Machine Productivity (100% runtime)	boxes/hr	317	326
Crew Size	#	3	3
Labor Productivity (operators + goat drivers, no gleaners)	boxes/hr	42	42

Table 3. Average performance statistics of TSC -FMC and harvest block characteristics, 2003/04 season

Block Characteristics		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Tree Density	Tree/ac	165	158
Tree age	Years	15	14
Avg. Block Yield	Box/ac	509	596
Avg. Tree Yield (Block)	Box/tree	3.10	3.18
Avg. Tree Yield (Sample)		3.25	3.26
Tree height	Ft	15	14
Clear trunk height	In	17	18
Skirt height	In	24	24
Trunk circumference	In	21	19

		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Number of trial periods	#	12	31
Average trial duration	hrs	3.59	3.50
Removal	%	94%	95%
Recovery (excluding preharvest drop)	%	88%	91%
Travel Speed	mph	1.03	1.08
Machine Speed (100% runtime)	tree/hr	481	527
Machine Productivity (100% runtime)	boxes/hr	968	1223
System Efficiency (% runtime)	%	60%	78%
Crew Size (no gleaners)	#	6	6
Labor Productivity (operators + goat drivers)	boxes/hr	100	169

Table 4. Average performance statistics of CCSC-Oxbo and harvested block characteristics, 2003/04 season

Block Characteristics		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Tree Density	Tree/ac	155	177
Tree age	Years	20	13
Avg. Block Yield	Box/ac	535	454
Avg. Tree Yield (Block)	Box/tree	3.68	2.66
Avg. Tree Yield (Sample)		3.42	3.28
Tree height	ft	15	14
Clear trunk height	in	16	16
Skirt height	in	9	16
Trunk circumference	in	21	20

		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Number of trial periods	#	7	1
Average trial duration	hrs	3.56	3.38
Removal	%	96%	95%
Recovery (excluding preharvest drop)	%	89%	92%
Travel Speed	mph	.80	1.09
Machine Speed (100% runtime)	tree/hr	368	462
Machine Productivity (100% runtime)	boxes/hr	1110	1810
System Efficiency (% runtime)	%	48%	50%
Crew Size (no gleaners)	#	6	6
Labor Productivity (operators + goat drivers)	boxes/hr	89	150

Table 5. Average performance statistics of CCSC-Korvan and harvested block characteristics, 2003/04 season

Block Characteristics		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Tree Density	Tree/ac	126	145
Tree age	Years	15	11
Avg. Block Yield	Box/ac	461	561
Avg. Tree Yield (Block)	Box/tree	5.61	3.85
Avg. Tree Yield (Sample)		3.92	4.87
Tree height	ft	14	13
Clear trunk height	in	15	17
Skirt height	in	14	22
Trunk circumference	in	21	19

		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Number of trial periods	#	1	2
Average trial duration	hrs	2.6	3.2
Removal	%	91%	94%
Recovery (excluding preharvest drop)	%	99.5%	99%
Machine Speed (100% runtime)	tree/hr	200	450
Size of Pick-up crew	#	23	27
Labor Productivity (pick-up crew)	boxes/hr	7	12

Table 6. Average performance statistics of Tractor-Drawn canopy shaker (Oxbo) and harvested block characteristics, 2003/04 season

Block Characteristics		Early/Mids	Late Season
	Units	Average	Average
Tree Density	Tree/ac	62	165
Tree age	Years	unknown	13
Avg. Tree Yield (Block)	Box/ac	166	367
Avg. Tree Yield (Block)	Box/tree	1.9	2.4
Avg. Tree Yield (Sample)	Box/tree	4.3	2.3
Tree height	ft	16	13
Clear trunk height	in	9	16
Skirt height	in	12	16
Trunk circumference	in	39	19

		2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04
Yield	Bx/acre	561	512	492	634
Removal	%	95	95	94	95
Recovery	%	87	89	87	86
Harvest	Tree/hr	107	174	187	209
speed					
Runtime	%	53	67	54	66
Productivity	Bx/man-hr	53	98	82	108

Table 7. Average performance statistics of TSC (Coe-Collier) on early-mid orangesfrom 2000/01 to 2003/04

Table 8. Average performance statistics of CCSC (Oxbo) on early-mid oranges from2000/01 to 2003/04

		2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04
Yield	Bx/acre	463	429	415	535
Removal	%	95	95	96	94
Recovery	%	90	90	91	88
Harvest	Tree/hr	235	288	313	481
speed					
Runtime	%	51	67	66	60
Productivity	Bx/man-hr	70	98	110	100