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WSU News

Study reveals promise for expanding hard cider industry

(November 12, 2014

By Sylvia Kantor, College of Agricultural, Human & Natural Resource Sciences

MOUNT VERNON, Wash. - A new study by researchers at Washington State University shows that mechanical harvesting of cider apples can provide labor and cost savings without affecting fruit, juice or cider quality.

The study, published in the journal HortTechnology in October, is one of several focused on cider apple production in Washington state. It was conducted in response to growing demand for hard cider apples in the state and nation.



Quenching a thirst

Hard cider consumption is trending steeply upward in the region surrounding food-conscious Seattle, and Washington is part of the nation's hard cider revival. The amount of cider produced in the state tripled between 2007 and 2012.

The rapid expansion means cider apple growers are hard pressed to keep pace with demand. Because cider apples are smaller than dessert apples – the kind we find in the grocery store for fresh eating – it takes longer to harvest them. In fact, harvest labor can account for nearly half of the annual costs of an orchard in full production.

Regions like the Skagit Valley in western Washington that don't have large-scale commercial apple production lack experienced apple harvest crews.



An over-the-row small fruit harvester passes over cider apple trees at WSU Mount Vernon. (Photos by Carol Miles, WSU)

"We simply don't have a dedicated agricultural labor market in western

Washington," said horticulturalist Carol Miles, the lead author of the study. "High quality and affordable labor to hand-harvest cider apples is difficult to come by and costly."

Miles leads one of a handful of cider apple research programs in the nation, located at the WSU Northwestern Washington Research and Extension Center.

Over-the-row harvesting

Mechanical harvest is a logical solution to this challenge - except for two complications. First, such a machine doesn't exist for apples, which are generally grown in compact trellis systems, hand-picked and carefully handled to avoid bruising.

The other issue is that mechanical harvest is likely to damage fruit, but just what this means for the final product is unknown.

To address the first challenge, Miles and her team used a mechanical raspberry harvesting machine to pick Brown Snout cider apples, a variety grown at the research center. The machine passes over fruit trees that are no higher than six feet, knocking the apples from trees onto a conveyer belt for collection by workers into tote bins.

Researchers assessed the level of damage to the trees and tested the fruit to see what impact, if any, bruising had on fruit and juice quality.

Olive harvester might be suitable

The two-year study showed that machine harvesting required up to four times less labor than hand harvesting, resulting in an average cost savings of \$324 per acre. Bruising did occur on all of the fruit, but it didn't affect the quality of fruit or juice - whether the apples were processed immediately

or cold-stored for two to four weeks before pressing.

that modifications to alt mechanical harvester ir improve efficiencies rvest. She dreams of ling an olive harvester, ass over trees that are tall – the common modern apple orchards.

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quipment is available ble, then mechanical ould be just what the ids to expand and keep

and for locally grown cider apples.



Bruising from mechanically harvesting cider apples did not affect fruit or juice quality.

Learn more about cider research and education at WSU at http://bit.ly/1psgmBD.

The paper in HortTechnology is: Yield, Labor and Fruit and Juice Quality Characteristics of Machine and Hand-harvested 'Brown Snout' Specialty Cider Apple. Carol A. Miles and Jaqueline King. HortTechnology October 2014 24:519–526.

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